EXHIBIT 68

```
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
1
2
             FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO
3
                      EASTERN DIVISION
 5
 6
   IN RE: NATIONAL PRESCRIPTION ) Case No.
7 OPIATE LITIGATION
                              ) 1:17-MD-2804
                           ) Hon. Dan A. Polster
    APPLIES TO ALL CASES
9
10
11
12
          VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF GARY L. BOGGS
13
                     WASHINGTON, D.C.
14
                THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 2019
15
                        9:07 A.M.
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23 Pages: 1 - 429
24 Reported by: Leslie A. Todd
```

Page 110 Page 112 1 legal obligation to maintain effective controls --1 the outcome. ² BY MR. HAWAL: ² BY MR. HAWAL: O So it is --O And then it has a statement in 4 A -- against diversion. 4 quotations: "If all those players involved are 5 Q It is an accurate statement. ⁵ either complicit or not doing their due diligence correctly, that whole system comes tumbling down." 6 A I agree. 7 Q And do you deny having made that Do you disagree that you made that statement to a USA Today reporter in that context? statement? A I don't. A I don't. 10 Q Do you deny having a conversation with a 10 O And then below that it has further 11 USA Today reporter about the subject of diversion statements attributable to you. It says: of controlled substances and distributors' "Distributors can act more quickly than law obligations? 13 enforcement if they know something is wrong, 14 A I do not. Boggs said." 15 Q Okay. And then it goes on to say: Do you have any reason to dispute having 16 "The law requires distributors, such as Cardinal said that statement? 17 Health, to have systems to detect suspicious 17 MR. STANNER: Again, I'm going -- I'm ¹⁸ orders, which must then be reported to the DEA. going to object to the foundation on all the 19 The Agency repeatedly warns distributors that the questions that are clearly paraphrases and not ²⁰ size of an order alone triggers the distributors' quotations. 20 ²¹ responsibility to report it to the DEA,' Boggs BY MR. HAWAL: 22 said." Q Do you agree -- do you have any reason 23 23 to disagree that you made such a statement or a First of all, was that an accurate 24 statement? 24 statement to that effect? Page 111 Page 113 MR. STANNER: Object to the form. A I do not. ² Accurate that it's there, or accurate that he said Q And then it goes on to say: "We have ³ it, or is the statement itself substantively ³ to investigate things in a different manner than a ⁴ company that can act on a suspicious order. We 4 accurate? 5 THE WITNESS: I believe you read it ⁵ have to meet constitutional and legal 6 correctly. ⁶ requirements. They don't have to sell to ⁷ BY MR. HAWAL: ⁷ someone,' Boggs said. 'They have a moral ⁸ obligation as keepers of powerful and dangerous Q Well, is it -- is it a true statement? 9 substances to make sure those substances are used A It's a paraphrase of the regulation, 10 yes. for legitimate medical purposes." 11 Q Again, do you have any reason to deny Do you have any reason to dispute having 12 having made that statement to a USA Today made those statements? 13 reporter? 13 A I do not. 14 A I do not. 14 Q Looking at the context of these 15 Q Then it says: "Distributors must cut statements and in terms of what this article is ¹⁶ sales to those drugstores with suspicious orders, reported to be about, would it be fair to say that even if they have a valid DEA license,' he said." you as a DEA agent at the time were expressing 18 Is that also a true statement? dissatisfaction or frustration with certain 19 MR. STANNER: Same objection. distributors as to their failure to maintain 20 THE WITNESS: I don't know that I agree effective controls to prevent the diversion of ²¹ with the characterization of that. We have an controlled substances? ²² obligation to maintain effective controls against 22 MR. STANNER: Object to the form. ²³ diversion, and if that means stopping sales, that MR. SATIN: And I -- objection. I'm ²⁴ could be, based upon the facts and circumstances, ²⁴ objecting pursuant to Touhy.

Page 114 Page 116 1 I don't quite understand the question. ¹ BY MR. HAWAL: ² You can ask him about what he said but not why he Q Were these -- were these the kinds of said it or what was going on at DEA at the time statements that are attributive -- attributed to 4 that may have informed this statement. 4 you in this article that you would have been MR. HAWAL: Counsel, this -- this is -generally making during this frame? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the 6 he clearly made a public statement, and I believe ⁷ that the Touhy requirements allow me to explore question. 8 the circumstances of this public statement. I BY MR. HAWAL: ⁹ don't understand how you can object in the context Q In 2012. 10 of what he says here. 10 MR. STANNER: Same objection. 11 11 MR. SATIN: So I -- I had a conversation THE WITNESS: I don't know that I 12 with the AUSA, Mr. Bennett, on this subject, and understand your question when you say -while it's permissible to ask about the fact of BY MR. HAWAL: 14 those public statements, but what is behind those 14 Well ---15 statements, the circumstances, the motives, the 15 A -- "generally making." ¹⁶ background material, that is off-limits. That's 16 Q Well, were these the kinds of statements an issue you'll have to take up with the that you were generally making to individuals who government. would have been inquiring about the opioid crisis 19 and certain distributors not living up to their MS. KASWAN: We've been going quite a while. Can we take a break? obligations under federal regulations? MR. STANNER: The witness is fine, so MR. SATIN: Counsel, I'm sorry to ²² we're happy to keep going. Obviously, people ²² interrupt. Are you asking about statements he was should feel free to use the restroom. 23 making --24 MS. KASWAN: I could use a break. MR. HAWAL: In the public domain. Page 115 Page 117 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is MR. SATIN: -- in the public domain? ² 11:24 a.m. We're going off the record. MR. HAWAL: Yes, sir. 3 (Recess.) THE WITNESS: This is a statement I made THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 4 in this particular article. I don't recall every 5 11:41 a.m., and we're back on the record. ⁵ statement that I made during that time frame. 6 BY MR. HAWAL: BY MR. HAWAL: Q Let me ask you this: When you left DEA, Q Mr. Boggs, continuing on with the did you get some type of clearance from the DEA to 8 USA Today article that we've been discussing, ⁹ there's another statement that is attributable to go work for McKesson? 10 you, and it says: "You can have the ostrich 10 A I believe that I was interviewed by 11 approach. You can stick your head in the sand and 11 McKesson counsel on -- on that. 12 ignore blatant signs,' Boggs said." Q Well, I'm not so concerned about And then it goes on to say: "This 13 McKesson's counsel. But did you seek clearance 13 from the DEA to go work for a distributor? 14 company is sitting in a state that has been the ¹⁵ epicenter of the problem. It's no secret that the 15 A I don't recall doing that, no. ¹⁶ drug of choice is oxycodone. I don't think you Q So you don't have any type of written 16 agreement with the DEA that allowed you to go work have to be that strong of an investigator to put two and two together," close quote. for McKesson? 19 Are those statements that you would have 19 A I do not.

20

question, the word "attributable."

MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the

THE WITNESS: I -- I believe that

20

21

22

made?

24 they're correct, yes.

Q Okay. So as far as you know, there were

no restrictions placed upon you by the DEA as to

22 what you could or could not communicate with

23 McKesson about as it relates to your pre, or --

prior employment with the DEA?

asę	: 1:17-md-02804-DAP: Doc #: 3012-6 Eiled	: 1 0	2/18/19 5 of 13 PageID#: 444316 review
	Page 118		Page 120
1	MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the	1	making enormous sales to customers that were
2	question.	2	per se in violation of DEA rules. The notion put
3	THE WITNESS: I don't have any	3	out by HDMA that somehow or another the DEA is not
4	restrictions that I'm aware of, no, other than	4	providing essential information to them is simply
5	what we're talking about today.	5	not accurate,' says Boggs. 'It's a smoke screen.
6	MR. STANNER: Mr. Hawal, I think someone	6	It's a step out of desperation."
7	on the phone is complaining about the microphones.	7	Do you remember making such statements
8	Can the people on the phone hear us?	8	in 2012?
9	(UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER): It sounds like	9	MR. STANNER: Object to the form,
10	the mics have been turned down a little bit. I	10	compound. Vague if you're referring to the
11	don't know if there's a way to adjust the volume.	11	quotation on the preceding sentence.
12	We were fine before the break.	12	MR. HAWAL: Yes.
13	MR. STANNER: I think we just tried to	13	BY MR. HAWAL:
14	do that. Has there have you have you	14	Q Do you do you remember making such
15	noticed any change? We just tried we just	15	statement?
16	changed the volume.	16	MR. HAWAL: I'm sorry?
17	(UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER): No, not yet.	17	MR. STANNER: I'm sorry, you said,
18	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Do you hear anything	18	"Yes." Do you mean are you referring just to
19	better now?	19	the quotation
20	(UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER): Yes. Much	20	MR. HAWAL: Yes.
21	better. Thank you.	21	MR. STANNER: or to the entire
22	MR. STANNER: Great. If people on the	22	MR. HAWAL: Yeah, quotations.
23	phone could mute their phones, that would be very	23	THE WITNESS: I I don't recall making
24	helpful. Thanks.	24	them.
	Page 119		Page 121
1	(Plaintiffs' Exhibit No. 7 was	1	BY MR. HAWAL:
2	marked for identification.)	2	Q Were these statements that were
3	BY MR. HAWAL:	3	consistent with statements that you would have
4	Q Mr. Boggs, I'm handing you what has been	4	been making at that time in the public domain?
5	marked as Plaintiffs' Exhibit 7, which is a	5	A It appears a statement that I made for
6	different article but also from 2012. And this	6	this article.
7	was published in Bloomberg Businessweek. The	7	Q Okay. And in in June of 2012, were
8	title of the article is "American Pain: The	8	you still a DEA employee or had you retired as of
9	Largest U.S. Pill Mill's Rise and Fall." "There	9	that time?
10	were 335 million prescriptions for painkillers	10	A I retired at the end of that month.
11	written in 2011. Is it any wonder some of them	11	Q Okay. I'm going to hand you another
12	were from criminals?"	12	exhibit. I think we're at Exhibit 8.
13	And my question is, do you recall being	13	(Plaintiffs' Exhibit No. 8 was
14	interviewed by someone from Bloomberg Businessweek	14	marked for identification.)
15	at or around this time where you made certain	15	BY MR. HAWAL:

- 15 at or around this time where you made certain
- 16 statements that were -- that appeared in this
- 17 article?
- 18 A I do not.
- 19 Q I'm going to put on the screen a
- 20 paragraph that has certain statements that are
- 21 attributable to you. And it says: "Gary Boggs,
- 22 Special Agent with the DEA's Office of Diversion
- 23 Control says, 'The cases that the DEA has brought
- 24 in recent years involved wholesalers knowingly

- 15 BY MR. HAWAL:
- 16 Q With regard to the statement that was in
 - the Bloomberg publication, you referred to HDMA.
- HDMA is the trade association for pharmaceutical
- wholesalers like McKesson and Cardinal and
- AmerisourceBergen?
- 21 A It was formerly HDA -- or HDMA. Now
- 22 it's HDA. Yes, it is.
- 23 Q And you have attended HDMA meetings? 24
 - MR. SATIN: Are you asking about since

Page 122 ¹ he left the government or before? That's what it says in the document, ² yes. ² BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, let's talk about since you left "Their belief is that if the wholesale ⁴ the DEA, have you attended HDMA meetings? ⁴ distributors were to look at their own data, problem customers would be very evident." A I don't believe I have, no. Q Sir, I'm handing you Exhibit No. 8, Were these statements that you were ⁷ which is a summary of a DEA/HDMA meeting, convey -- conveying to the distributor trade --8 December 19th, 2011. At the bottom, there's a trade organization, trade association during this 9 bottom paragraph that discusses statements time frame? 10 ¹⁰ attributable to you. MR. SATIN: Same --11 MR. STANNER: Object --In two thousand -- in December of 2011, 11 would you have stated that: "The DEA's single 12 MR. SATIN: Same instruction. ¹³ greatest concern was the belief that wholesale 13 MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the ¹⁴ distributors were lax in analysis, review and 14 auestion. ¹⁵ acting on their own ARCOS data"? THE WITNESS: I don't believe at this 16 MR. SATIN: Mr. Boggs, I'm going to time I can answer that question. object to the extent that question calls for you BY MR. HAWAL: to disclose non-public information based on your Q Mr. Boggs, since you went to McKesson, work when you were at DEA. 19 were you aware or did you become aware that the 20 THE WITNESS: I don't believe I can ²⁰ DEA continued to investigate McKesson and its ²¹ answer that question. 21 failures to live up to the 2008 settlement 22 BY MR. HAWAL: ²² agreement and its own obligations that it assumed Q At that time, would you have stated that as a part of that agreement? 24 the data that you were seeing from wholesalers MR. STANNER: Objection to the form of Page 123 Page 125 1 was, quote, pretty egregious, close quote? ¹ the question, compound, vague, misstates. MR. SATIN: Same instruction. THE WITNESS: I'm aware since I came to ³ BY MR. HAWAL: ³ McKesson that there had been an investigation of 4 the company related to that, that resulted in a Q Would you have said that: "The DEA had 5 not seen" --5 settlement, yes. 6 MR. HAWAL: The next page, Evan. 6 BY MR. HAWAL: ⁷ BY MR. HAWAL: Q And have you undertaken since you joined Q -- "had not seen changes in registrants' 8 McKesson to look at the basis for the charges by 9 behavior that it expected after presenting its the Department of Justice and the DEA that led to the later settlement by McKesson? analysis of ARCOS data to them, so we have upped 11 our game"? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the 12 MR. SATIN: Same instruction. question. I object to the use of the word THE WITNESS: I don't believe at this "charges by the Department of Justice." I'm not 13 14 time I can answer that question. aware of any such thing. THE WITNESS: I have -- I reviewed the 15 BY MR. HAWAL: Q The second paragraph of that page says settlement agreement and the terms within the 16 17 that: "DEA stressed this point repeatedly settlement agreement. 18 throughout the meeting. They seemed frustrated BY MR. HAWAL: 19 and stated this was occurring even among wholesale 19 Q Was it any part of your obligation or 20 distributors that had been in DEA's suspicious 20 job function to look at McKesson's failures since 21 educational meetings and even among those who had 2008 in order to try and correct them or improve

"SO" would be suspicious order

22 suspicious SO monitoring programs."

²⁴ monitoring programs?

MR. STANNER: Object to the form, vague.

²² McKesson's Controlled Substance Monitoring

23 Program?

24

	п	ighly Confidential - Subject to		
		Page 126		Page 128
	1	THE WITNESS: There are certain terms	1	Do you recall this PowerPoint
	2	and requirements under that settlement agreement	2	presentation?
	3	that I'm responsible for overseeing that, and part	3	A I do.
	4	of my job is to oversee ways that we can continue	4	Q Did you have a chance to review this
	5	to evolve and improve our program to make sure	5	when you were preparing for this deposition with
	6	that we're doing the best that we can to adhere to	6	your counsel?
	7	our regulation our regulatory obligations.	7	A I
	8	BY MR. HAWAL:	8	MR. STANNER: Objection to the extent it
	9	Q Well, would you agree with me that it	9	calls for privileged information.
	10	would be difficult to make improvements if one	10	BY MR. HAWAL:
	11	didn't go back and determine where improvements	11	Q Did you review this?
	12	were necessary or needed?	12	A I've looked at this document, yes.
	13	MR. STANNER: Object to the form,	13	Q As part of your preparation for this
	14	misstates the testimony.	14	deposition?
	15	THE WITNESS: I I think in some times	15	A I did.
	16	that's an opportunity to do that. I think other	16	Q And this was prepared what does
	17	times you have to take into consideration that,	17	"Olive Branch" mean?
	18	you know, what may or may not have led to some	18	A Olive Branch is where the McKesson's
	19	issues that, you know, many years ago was for a	19	national redistribution center is. It's Olive
	20	different time and different type of diversion	20	Branch, Mississippi.
	21	scheme where the red flags may have been different	21	Q Okay. And this would have been prepared
	22	than what they are today.	22	after you left the DEA?
	23	So I want to make sure that I'm not	23	A It would.
	24	looking at things that are no longer valid in	24	Q Did it contain information that you
-		D 107		
		Page 177		Page 120
	1	Page 127	1	Page 129
		today's environment, so I'm looking more forward		would have learned or become aware of when you
	2	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of	2	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA?
	2	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that.	3	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does.
	2 3 4	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes	2 3 4	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance
	2 3 4 5	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor.	2 3 4 5	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this
	2 3 4 5 6	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL:	2 3 4 5	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together?
	2 3 4 5 6 7	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if	2 3 4 5 6 7	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not.
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint
	2 3 4 5 6 7	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct and accurate? Was there anything or was there
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the question.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct and accurate? Was there anything or was there anything that stood out as being inaccurate or
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I think that that's	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct and accurate? Was there anything or was there anything that stood out as being inaccurate or that you deemed required correction?
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I think that that's generally a a solid thing.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct and accurate? Was there anything or was there anything that stood out as being inaccurate or that you deemed required correction? A I
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I think that that's generally a a solid thing. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit No. 9 was	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct and accurate? Was there anything or was there anything that stood out as being inaccurate or that you deemed required correction? A I MR. STANNER: You're asking I'm
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I think that that's generally a a solid thing. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit No. 9 was marked for identification.)	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct and accurate? Was there anything or was there anything that stood out as being inaccurate or that you deemed required correction? A I MR. STANNER: You're asking I'm sorry, Counsel, you're asking at the time it was
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I think that that's generally a a solid thing. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit No. 9 was marked for identification.) MR. HAWAL: Evan, 880.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct and accurate? Was there anything or was there anything that stood out as being inaccurate or that you deemed required correction? A I MR. STANNER: You're asking I'm sorry, Counsel, you're asking at the time it was prepared or since then?
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I think that that's generally a a solid thing. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit No. 9 was marked for identification.) MR. HAWAL: Evan, 880. BY MR. HAWAL:	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct and accurate? Was there anything or was there anything that stood out as being inaccurate or that you deemed required correction? A I MR. STANNER: You're asking I'm sorry, Counsel, you're asking at the time it was prepared or since then? MR. HAWAL: No, when you when he
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I think that that's generally a a solid thing. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit No. 9 was marked for identification.) MR. HAWAL: Evan, 880. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Mr. Boggs, I've handed you what has been	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct and accurate? Was there anything or was there anything that stood out as being inaccurate or that you deemed required correction? A I MR. STANNER: You're asking I'm sorry, Counsel, you're asking at the time it was prepared or since then? MR. HAWAL: No, when you when he reviewed it in preparation for his deposition.
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I think that that's generally a a solid thing. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit No. 9 was marked for identification.) MR. HAWAL: Evan, 880. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Mr. Boggs, I've handed you what has been marked as Plaintiffs' Exhibit 9, bearing Bates	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct and accurate? Was there anything or was there anything that stood out as being inaccurate or that you deemed required correction? A I MR. STANNER: You're asking I'm sorry, Counsel, you're asking at the time it was prepared or since then? MR. HAWAL: No, when you when he reviewed it in preparation for his deposition. MR. STANNER: My mistake.
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I think that that's generally a a solid thing. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit No. 9 was marked for identification.) MR. HAWAL: Evan, 880. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Mr. Boggs, I've handed you what has been marked as Plaintiffs' Exhibit 9, bearing Bates stamp MCK-AGMS-0060000880.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct and accurate? Was there anything or was there anything that stood out as being inaccurate or that you deemed required correction? A I MR. STANNER: You're asking I'm sorry, Counsel, you're asking at the time it was prepared or since then? MR. HAWAL: No, when you when he reviewed it in preparation for his deposition. MR. STANNER: My mistake. THE WITNESS: When I reviewed it, it
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	today's environment, so I'm looking more forward and what is today's thread, if you will, of diversion, and how best that we can identify that. Not necessarily looking retrospective to schemes that are no longer a relevant factor. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Well, you would agree generally that if one doesn't look at past mistakes, one won't learn from their past mistakes. Is that true? MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I think that that's generally a a solid thing. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit No. 9 was marked for identification.) MR. HAWAL: Evan, 880. BY MR. HAWAL: Q Mr. Boggs, I've handed you what has been marked as Plaintiffs' Exhibit 9, bearing Bates stamp MCK-AGMS-0060000880. It is a PowerPoint presentation, "State	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	would have learned or become aware of when you worked for the DEA? A It did. It does. Q Did you seek and obtain any clearance from the DEA to make this presentation or put this material together? A I did not. Q Now, when you reviewed this PowerPoint presentation, did it appear to you to be correct and accurate? Was there anything or was there anything that stood out as being inaccurate or that you deemed required correction? A I MR. STANNER: You're asking I'm sorry, Counsel, you're asking at the time it was prepared or since then? MR. HAWAL: No, when you when he reviewed it in preparation for his deposition. MR. STANNER: My mistake.

24 Branch."

23 at the top, and your name and the term "Olive

Q And when was it presented and -- and

23 BY MR. HAWAL:

Page 130 Page 132 1 where? ¹ use of prescription painkillers." 2 A It was presented at the national What did you mean by that statement? ³ redistribution center, McKesson's national A What I meant by that statement, which is 4 reflected in the -- the next slide, is an example ⁴ redistribution center in Olive Branch, ⁵ Mississippi. It would have been probably sometime ⁵ of a manufacturer who was involved in an 6 in the summer of 2013. 6 investigation or a settlement with the government Q And this was when you were retained to ⁷ that was about the false or misleading of 8 be a consultant for McKesson? 8 OxyContin, which was specifically to Purdue A It was. Pharma. 10 Q And who was in attendance for you to 10 Q And the next page references Purdue 11 present this to? 11 Pharma in a \$635 million fine that was imposed on Purdue for misleading advertising about its 12 A The individuals that were part of 13 McKesson's Regulatory Affairs program were in OxyContin product? 14 attendance. There were representatives at the 14 A That's correct. distribution center leadership team, such as a Q And you -- you consider that to be one 16 distribution center manager or a distribution of the causes of the opioid crisis in the United ¹⁷ center director of operations from across the 17 States? 18 country were in attendance. Don Walker was in 18 MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the 19 attendance. There were several other individuals. 19 question. ²⁰ I don't recall every single one of them. 20 THE WITNESS: I think it has a Q When you prepared this PowerPoint contributing factor, yes. 22 presentation, were you using and/or including BY MR. HAWAL: ²³ information which you considered to be accurate? Q And then the next page, you reference a A I was using information related to ²⁴ company, Cephalon, in a \$425 million fine, which Page 131 Page 133 ¹ the -- the presentation. I mean, I --¹ it ended up agreeing to pay as a result of Q Well, did you --² inappropriate marketing of its drug fentanyl? 3 A -- I wasn't trying to provide any A That's correct. Q Again, a factor that you considered to 4 inaccurate information. Q Well, I assume that when you were making ⁵ be contributing to the opioid crisis in the United 6 this presentation to McKesson, you were intending States? ⁷ to provide accurate information, true, as you MR. STANNER: Object to the form. 8 understood it? THE WITNESS: I did. 9 A Absolutely. BY MR. HAWAL: 10 Q Okay. And the title of the -- on the Q And then the next page you have a chart 11 next page is "The Impact of Effective Compliance: or graph depicting rising opioid deaths, sales, Protecting America from Prescription Drug and treatment admissions from 1999 to 2010. 13 Diversion." 13 Correct? 14 Is that a title that you created? 14 A I do. 15 A It is. Q Would you agree, sir, that as -- the Q And if we go to page 883, you have two 16 quantity of opioids that are diverted into the planes colliding, and you're referring to two illicit marketplace has a direct relationship to 18 drugs, two opioid drugs, oxycodone and Percocet. increases in deaths of patients as well as 19 What was your purpose of having two treatment admissions? 20 airplanes colliding in midair with that slide? MR. STANNER: Object to the --21 A The purpose is to grab the attention of 21 MR. SATIN: Objection to form.

the audience and recognize something significant.

page, you indicate that "Manufacturers fueled the

Q Okay. And the last bullet point on that

22

MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the

²³ question, use of the phrase "diverted into the

²⁴ illicit marketplace."

Page 134 Page 136 1 THE WITNESS: I don't think that that's 1 BY MR. HAWAL: ² what this slide represents, so I don't agree with Q And you have a slide, and, ³ the way you've characterized that. ³ unfortunately -- well, let me reference the Bates 4 number, 892, where you have a graph -- well, you ⁴ BY MR. HAWAL: Q So are you saying that you do not agree 5 have photograph depicting what can happen when the 6 that as greater amounts of opioid pills are types of checks and balances are not followed, ⁷ diverted into the illicit marketplace, that the correct, and you have a collapsing building? probability is that the number of addictions and A That's what's on the slide, yes. deaths will increase? Q Are you trying to emphasize how 10 MR. STANNER: Same -- same objection. I 10 important it is for distributors like McKesson to 11 strictly follow their legal obligations under the 11 think it --Controlled Substances Act and the federal 12 MR. HAWAL: I understand. All you have to do is say, "Objection," Andrew. regulations relating to controlled substances? 13 MR. STANNER: Okay. 14 14 A What I'm trying --15 MR. HAWAL: That would be appreciated, 15 MR. STANNER: Object to the form, because the rules require no speaking objections. 16 16 compound. 17 MR. STANNER: I'm just trying to be 17 THE WITNESS: What I'm trying to depict helpful. here is, is all of the members within the closed BY MR. HAWAL: system of distribution, which would include 19 20 distributors, but it's not just isolated to them. Q Sir? 21 MR. HAWAL: I understand. Thank you. It's for all of them, all the --22 THE WITNESS: I -- I think there is a BY MR. HAWAL: 23 correlation between diversion and -- and Q Including -associated problems with diversion. A -- responsible --Page 135 Page 137 ¹ BY MR. HAWAL: Including manufacturers of opioids, Q Well, true. And the greater the amount ² right? ³ of diversion, the greater the likelihood is of A And pharmacists -- or pharmacies and ensuing harm, such as addiction and death. True? pharmacists and doctors. 5 A I believe that's a fair statement, yes. Q On page 897, you reference "Florida pill mills, resulting oxy spills." 6 Q What was the source of this information used to create this graph or chart? Was there a particular problem in 8 A I -- I don't recall. 8 Florida in the late 2000s, including 2009 and 9 Q And two slides later, you have "Checks 2010, as it related to large quantities of opioids 10 and Balances under the CSA." being diverted into the illicit marketplace? 11 CSA refers to the Controlled Substances 11 A There was a significant diversion scheme 12 Act? related to pain -- rogue pain clinics or what were 13 often referred to as pill mills. Q And are you quoting the Act as to what Q And where were those pill mills getting the obligations of a wholesaler are in order to their OxyContin, do you recall? MR. STANNER: Object to the form. 16 identify a controlled substance -- or identify 16 17 suspicious orders as part of its obligation to MR. SATIN: And objection to the extent 18 prevent diversion? it's asking for you to disclose information from 19 A Not -the -- your official work at DEA. 20 MR. STANNER: Object to form. THE WITNESS: I don't think I can answer 21 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. that question at this time. 22 Not necessarily the Act but the 22 BY MR. HAWAL: ²³ implementing regulation. This is part of the Q Well, did you tell your audience when

²⁴ regulation. But, yes, I'm quoting that.

you presented this slide in 2013 what the source

Page 138 ¹ of the OxyContin was in Florida? A I don't recall specifically, no. There 2 MR. STANNER: Object to the form, ² was several different areas. I just don't recall 3 specifically which ones. "source." 4 THE WITNESS: Well, this is not related Q Well, was it -- was it primarily ⁵ specifically to OxyContin. This is related to economic impact or largely economic impact to 6 oxycodone, which is -municipalities, counties and states --⁷ BY MR. HAWAL: MR. STANNER: Object to the form. 8 Q Okay. Oxycodone. I apologize. BY MR. HAWAL: A -- which is broader. Q -- across the United States? MR. STANNER: Sorry. Object to the 10 Q Did you tell your audience where the 10 oxycodone was being obtained? form, asked and answered. 12 MR. STANNER: Same objection. THE WITNESS: I don't recall it being 13 THE WITNESS: I don't recall. 13 that specific. I recall it being more of -- loss in work productivity, things like that, addiction BY MR. HAWAL: 15 Q Do you recall that it was from -- at or something like that. But I don't recall it least partially from Mallinckrodt? specifically drilling down to what a county or 16 17 city would -- the amount attributable to that. I MR. SATIN: Same --18 MR. STANNER: Same objection. don't recall that. I recall it more lost wages, 19 MR. SATIN: Same instruction. 19 lost productivity. 20 THE WITNESS: I don't believe I made 20 BY MR. HAWAL: Q Have you seen any studies or statistics that statement at all. BY MR. HAWAL: that reference the cost to communities, both Q On the next slide, 898, you indicated 23 cities and counties and states, as it relates to 24 oxycodone deaths in Florida rose from 340 in 2005 the economic impact of the opioid crisis? Page 139 Page 141 MR. STANNER: Object to the form. ¹ to 1516 in 2010, a 346 percent increase. Do you recall where you obtained that THE WITNESS: Not that I recall 2 ³ information? specifically that, no. 4 BY MR. HAWAL: A I believe I obtained that information ⁵ from the Florida Medical Examiner's public Q The next slide says: "Are we 6 website. contributing to the problem," question mark. Are you -- you're referring to 7 Q And then on page 903, you have a slide 8 that references: "A national epidemic: More than distributors, right? 45 people die per day from prescription opioids." A I am. And then you have some statistics. 10 Q And you're referencing problems that you And then you have the last sentence: 11 have seen as to what a distributor -- what certain 12 "Economic impact to America, \$57 billion per distributors have been doing to contribute to the 13 year." opioid crisis, correct? 14 Do you recall where you obtained that A The bullets that are in here are focused 15 data? specifically on a diversion scheme, and in this 16 case it would have been a pill mill or rogue pain A I believe there was a study published 16 ¹⁷ that was publicly available on the internet that I clinic. But that -- that was the focus of -- of 18 obtained that from. I don't recall the -- the this particular slide and what some of the bullets 19 exact study, but I recall obtaining it off of the might be associated with that. 19 20 internet. 20 Q Well, a pill mill is not going to get pills unless it gets them directly from a 21 Q And -- and do you -- and do you recall 22 what kind of economic impact was being measured distributor or manufacturer, correct? ²³ when it was being referred to as 57 -- \$57 billion 23 MR. STANNER: Object to the form.

24

24 per year?

THE WITNESS: Generally speaking, that's

Page 142 ¹ true. MR. STANNER: Same -- same objection. ² BY MR. HAWAL: THE WITNESS: I mean there can be certain situations where an exorbitant amount is Q Yeah. And are you trying to emphasize 4 that part of the problem that was occurring with ⁴ totally legitimate. I mean on its face, ⁵ certain pill mills is that distributors were ⁵ exorbitant amount is a red flag. It doesn't 6 shipping controlled substances in exorbitant 6 necessarily mean where you can jump to the ⁷ conclusion an exorbitant amount automatically is amounts as one factor? 8 MR. STANNER: Same objection. 8 diversion. THE WITNESS: I believe it was more of BY MR. HAWAL: 10 in terms of a specific or cumulative amounts that 10 Q I'm not -- I'm not saying automatically, 11 would be going to a single location over a period 11 but generally speaking, would you agree that an 12 of time. exorbitant amount going to a small community that 13 BY MR. HAWAL: 13 is also in the epicenter of diversion, that that would be consistent with a greater degree of harm? 14 Q I mean, for example, if a small community in a given state that has, you know, 600 A I think it requires a greater -- you ¹⁶ adults -- you know, a population of 600 adults and 16 know, more diligence to determine what's going on 17 is getting hundreds of thousands of opioid pills and what the factors are there, and maybe it's 18 provided to one pharmacy in such a small diversion or maybe there's a legitimate reason. 19 community, that would indicate to you an example Q Well, are you -- are you -- did you 19 ²⁰ of an exorbitant amount of pills going to a create this slide because you knew that this had potentially suspicious customer. Fair? been happening? 22 A It could be, yes. 22 A I created this slide because of the 23 Q This PowerPoint also supports the rogue pill mills in Florida. ²⁴ proposition that the greater the number of opioid Q So you knew that this was happening, Page 143 Page 145 ¹ exorbitant amounts of -- of opioids were being ¹ pills diverted, that the greater the likelihood of ² provided to certain customers by distributors in ² harm to patients. True? 3 A I'm sorry, where are we at? Which slide ³ areas that were known to be epicenters of 4 diversion. True? 4 are you on? Q The same one that we've been MR. STANNER: Object to the form. THE WITNESS: For the pill mill, yes, ⁶ referencing. I mean that's -- that supports ⁷ the --⁷ that was the purpose of the slide. 8 I'm not sure which bullet you're looking 8 BY MR. HAWAL: 9 O And each of these factors would be a at. 10 Q Well, I'm looking at the entire -- the potential red flag that a distributor should be 11 totality of the bullet points that you raise in looking at. Correct? 12 this that would support the notion that the 12 A They are -- they are red flags that you ¹³ greater number of opioid pills that are diverted, should look at, yes. 14 the greater the likelihood of harm that is caused. Q And these would be red flags that would 15 True? not have been first known in 2013, but would have been red flags that distributors should have been 16 MR. STANNER: Object to the form. 17 THE WITNESS: I don't think that that's aware of for many years. True? what this slide -- this slide doesn't talk about 18 MR. STANNER: Object to the form. 19 THE WITNESS: I don't know that that's 19 harm. 20 BY MR. HAWAL: necessarily the case. We're -- we're talking 21 about a couple of significant diversion schemes Q Well, what other than harm would result ²² from an exorbitant amount of pills being shipped 22 that occurred at a period of time that have 23 to a given community where there's a known ²³ never -- never happened before in this country. ²⁴ epicenter of diversion? 24 So the red flags sometimes are very specific to

Page 146 Page 148 1 that criminal scheme that may not be applicable to 1 distributed to a given customer. True? MR. STANNER: Object to the form. ² other types of schemes or other day-to-day ³ operations of regular pharmacies or practitioners. THE WITNESS: That McKesson distributed, ⁴ BY MR. HAWAL: 4 yes. O Well, sir, if a -- if a distributor in 5 BY MR. HAWAL: 6 2005 was aware that these red flags were occurring Q Right. And early warning sign for an ⁷ in a given community or related to a given emerging trend would reflect -- would reflect your 8 customer, should these have been red flags in 2005 8 message to McKesson as to the importance of looking at the quantity of controlled substances as well as they were in 2013? 10 MR. STANNER: Object to the form. that are being supplied to given customers, right? 11 MR. SATIN: And objection. Don't answer MR. STANNER: Object to the form. 11 that if you're going to disclose non-public 12 THE WITNESS: That's correct. information that you obtained while at the DEA. 13 BY MR. HAWAL: 14 THE WITNESS: I think that they are red Q And then on slide 920, you have a slide 15 flags, yes. that's identified "Detecting Suspicious Orders," 16 BY MR. HAWAL: and I assume that you were informing the McKesson 17 employees that were at the presentation that it's Q Now, going to slide 907. "Communication Advanced Warnings." These are bullet points that important to look at red flags. Correct? 19 indicate how distributors should have been aware 19 A That's correct. 20 ²⁰ of their obligations to prevent diversion. And not only have employees be vigilant 21 Correct? about individual customers, but also listening to 22 MR. STANNER: Object to the form. those employees when they identify signs that are 23 THE WITNESS: These -- these are some suspicious for diversion? ²⁴ indicate -- or some examples of where information MR. STANNER: Object to the form. Page 147 Page 149 THE WITNESS: That's correct. ¹ was available to distributors, yes. ² BY MR. HAWAL: ² BY MR. HAWAL: Q And the next slide refers to ARCOS data. Q And that would be part of the onboarding 4 What were you intending to communicate with that 4 process when a new customer is coming to McKesson 5 slide? 5 for the first time? MR. STANNER: Object to the form. 6 A That we need to as a distributor look at THE WITNESS: That's correct. 7 the data, the ARCOS data, and look as -- at that 8 and whether or not there's any indication in there 8 BY MR. HAWAL: that we need to follow up on. Q And periodically visiting individual 9 10 Q And when you reference -- when you're pharmacies to try and determine whether they are legitimate or whether they are involved in 11 referring to ARCOS data, you're referring to data 12 that distributors have relating to the quantity of 12 diversion? 13 MR. STANNER: Same objection. 13 different opioids that are being distributed to given customers? 14 THE WITNESS: That's correct. 15 A Specific -- ARCOS data specific to that BY MR. HAWAL: ¹⁶ distributor. 16 Q And what do you mean by, "Do not rely solely on thresholds or algorithms as a shortcut 17 O Yes. 18 A It's not all-encompassing --18 to detect suspicious orders"? 19 Q Right. 19 A I mean that we need to conduct 20 A -- of what is going to a customer. additional -- or conduct due -- due diligence, I'm 21 Q I mean, for example, McKesson has sorry, of our customers, making sure that we

22 information in its data or its -- in its system

²⁴ individual pills of a given opioid were

23 which identifies over time how many pills --

understand what they're doing, whether or not they

give us reason to believe that they're going to

²⁴ fulfill their regulatory obligations.

Page 150 Page 152 Q And that -- that part of it would be ¹ "Customer Communications"? ² that if a customer, for example, wants to increase A I do. ³ their threshold, that requires some due diligence The first bullet point under that, it 4 on the part of McKesson before the threshold is ⁴ says: "All communications regarding controlled increased, correct? substances are subject to subpoena and discovery." MR. STANNER: Object to the form. Discovery, do you understand discovery THE WITNESS: Generally speaking, yes, I 7 ⁷ to be discovery by DEA investigations as well as 8 discovery in legal proceedings as we are would agree with that. participating in here today? BY MR. HAWAL: 10 Q And that should have been occurring how A That would be my understanding, yes. 11 Q And it says in the third bullet point: far back at a company like McKesson? 12 MR. STANNER: Object to the form. "Write information as if it were being viewed by 13 THE WITNESS: Thresholds were not the DEA." Do you see that? A I do. 14 necessarily something that was an industry 14 practice until probably 2006, '7 time frame. So Q Does that convey to you a reminder to be ¹⁶ around that time frame, I guess. careful about how communications are occurring in 17 BY MR. HAWAL: written format? Q Well, it could have been an industry MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the 19 practice earlier than that. There's nothing question. Calls for speculation, hearsay, unique about setting thresholds that coincides foundation. 20 with 2006 and 2007. True? THE WITNESS: I don't agree with the 22 MR. STANNER: Object to the form. characterization of that. I think that the intent THE WITNESS: It -- it's one methodology is to make sure that we're clear and that there's 23 ²⁴ to identify and report suspicious orders. There ²⁴ not a -- a way to misconstrue what's being written Page 151 Page 153 1 may be others. 1 so that someone -- a third party that may not know ² anything about what transpired would -- would (Plaintiffs' Exhibit No. 10 was 3 marked for identification.) ³ understand it with -- with some clarity. 4 BY MR. HAWAL: ⁴ BY MR. HAWAL: Q Mr. Boggs, I'm going to hand you what's Q Well, let's go to the next highlighted 6 been marked as Exhibit 10. This is 301, 6 bullet point. It says: "Refrain from using the ⁷ Operations Manual. ⁷ word 'suspicious' in communications. Once Mr. Boggs, I take it you've seen 8 McKesson deems an order and/or customer McKesson's Operations Manual for the Controlled suspicious, McKesson is required to act. This 10 Substance Monitoring Program? 10 means all controlled substances sales to that 11 customer must cease, and the DEA must be 11 A I have. 12 Q If you look at page 13 of 16, and the 12 notified." 13 numbering is at the top right-hand corner, this --13 As a former DEA representative, does it 14 is this the -- this is the manual for the trouble you that McKesson is formally instructing 15 Controlled Substance Monitoring Program that was its employees to refrain from using the word ¹⁶ enacted as a part of McKesson's obligations with 16 "suspicious" in communications because of the its 2008 settlement? obligation that follows identifying an order as 18 MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the 18 suspicious? question, foundation. 19 MR. STANNER: Object to the form of the 19 20 THE WITNESS: It -- it was the -- the question on several bases. I'll avoid a lengthy program for -- that was instituted in 2008 for --21 objection. 22 BY MR. HAWAL: 22 BY MR. HAWAL: Q And if you look at page 13 of 16 under 23 Q Does that trouble you, sir? ²⁴ "Due Diligence" -- do you see where it says 24 A I think with my understanding and